The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,096—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1881.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

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To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

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First insertion	6 As. per Line.
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In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 9-8.

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All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CULNA, 2,000 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 20th July, 1881, at 3 p. m., calling at Ratnagherry, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Masulipatam, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. BURMAH, 1,080 Tons, on MONDAY, 18th July, 1881, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. JAVA, 1,465 Tons, on FRIDAY, 22nd July, 1881, at 11 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. BAGHDAD, 1,272 Tons, on SATURDAY, 23rd July, 1881.

FOR QUEENSLAND.

S. S. MERKARA, 3,000 Tons. The Coast Steamer leaving Bombay on Wednesday, 20th July, will connect at Colombo with the Queensland Royal Mail Steamer Merkara from England, and passengers and cargo can be booked for the following ports:—

Batavia, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Townsville, Bowen, Rockhampton, and Brisbane.

CALCUTTA TO RANGOON.

DURING the south-west monsoon the direct steamers will leave Calcutta for Rangoon every THURSDAY, instead of every FRIDAY.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 11th July, 1881. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave

GENOA on the 27th and BOMBAY on the 1st *of each Month.*

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40
Suez	„ 360	„ 220	„ 90
Port Said	„ 380	„ 240	„ 90
Messina	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140
Naples	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140
Leghorn	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140
Genoa	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140
Marseilles	„ 520	„ 350	„ 145

Including Wines. Without food.

Children under 10 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

Next steamers from Bombay:—

MANILLA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st August, 1881.
SUMATRA, to sail on THURSDAY, 1st Sept., inst.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation, and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess.

The Steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 noon. Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charges by the Company's steam launch leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a. m.

First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can be booked at through-rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.
Bombay, Feb. 11, 1881.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE VIA CANAL.

THE following Steamers will be despatched from Bombay to Trieste:—

	Captain.	Tons	HP.	To sail
s. s. POLLUCE	G. Ragusin	2,012	280	26th July.
s. s. HUNGARIA	G. Stavrli	1,982	400	9th Sept.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	375	205	143 0
To Port Said	320	235	131 0
To Suez	300	240	122 0
To Aden	170	130	66 8

STEAM TO HONGKONG VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

THE Co.'s S. S. DAPHNE, Captain G. Doucich, 1,927 tons, 400 horse power, will be despatched as above on the 15th August, 1881.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

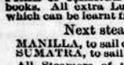
For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, July 4th, 1881.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.



THE following sailings have been arranged:—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

	Captains	Tons.	h.p.	1881.
s.s. BRITANNIA	R. Hutchison	3,500	700	27th Aug.
s.s. HISPANIA	J. Laird	3,500	700	17th Sept.
s.s. ROUMANIA	T. G. Knox	3,500	700	1st Oct.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

	Captains	Tons.	h.p.	1881.
s.s. INDIA	J. Jamieson	2,500	500	13th Aug.

For rates and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 6th January, 1880.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
s. INDUS	3462	600	S.D. Shallaard	19th July
— GWALIOR	2733	450	A.W. Adamson	26th „
s. DECCAN	3429	550	W. B. Andrews	2nd Aug
— THIBET	2593	400	W. R. Jordan	9th „
s. PESHAWUR	3900	600	E. J. Baker	16th „
— TEHERAN	2589	400	A.C. Loggin	23rd „
s. ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	30th „

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under, THREE MONTHS from date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via Southampton, both ways.
First Class	Rs. 950	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING AT CEYLON.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	15th July.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Return Tickets are now issued		
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	Rs. 600	Rs. 375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 1 July, 1881.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.
STEAM TO TRIESTE.

COMMENCING with the s. s. KASHGAR on the 12th instant the fortnightly Brindisi and Venice Steamer from Bombay will continue the voyage to Trieste.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 7th July, 1881.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY.

THE MAIWAND COURTS-MARTIAL.

FULL REPORT
OF THE
PROCEEDINGS
In Re
MAJOR A. PURCELL CURRIE
AND
COL. J. P. MALCOLMSON, C.B.,
WITH PLAN
OF THE
BATTLE-FIELD OF MAIWAND.

Price 8 annas.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE,
RAMPART ROW.

REDUCED PRICES.

FINEST VIRGINIAN GOLDEN LEAF
HONEY DEW TOBACCO;

A splendid article, infinitely superior to the Tobaccos commonly sold under its name.

IMPORTED OVERLAND AT
Per Pound, Cash, Rs. 2-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PETIT MEDOC
CLARET.

TREACHER & Company's importation of this Wine remains *unequalled* at the price. The Public are respectfully requested to compare the quality with similar Brands (so styled) recently shipped to this market.

Per doz. Quarts, Cash, Rs. 13.
Per doz. Pints, Cash, Rs. 7-8

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

REAL AMERICAN
"SQUEEZER" PLAYING CARDS.

Best quality, of the strongest material, and being highly finished on both sides, they slip readily when handled.

An important feature is that by reference to the "INDICATORS" in the corners all chance of making a mistake in the hand is avoided, as such "Indicators" show the Suit and Size. This allows of the hand being compressed into a very small space, and hence the name "SQUEEZERS." The "Indicators" are in addition to the ordinary pips made to run both ways.

	Cash Credit.
"Squeezers" with round corner ...per pack	Re. 1 12 Re. 2 0
„ „ gilt edged „ „ pack	2 0 2 4
„ „ „ „ doz. packs	22 8 25 0

CONSIGNMENT JUST UNPACKED BY
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

MEDICINE CHESTS,

THE FIRST ESSENTIALS FOR EUROPEAN RESIDENTS AND TRAVELLERS IN INDIA.

A COPY of D. S. KEMP'S "Medicine Chest Companion" is supplied with each. ("A very useful little Companion to the Medicine Chest."—Lancet.)

A selection of twenty-nine Patterns, of which a descriptive list will be sent on application.

TRAVELLING CHESTS, OF SOLID LEATHER, with Glass Measures, Scales and Weights, and Lock and Key. Filled with carefully-selected Remedies. From Rs.24 to Rs.75.

DOMESTIC CHESTS, OF PLAIN POLISHED MAHOGANY, joinings fastened with Brass Screws, and with Lock and Key. Filled with Medicines, Scales, Measures, &c., all carefully selected. From Rs. 38 to Rs. 50.

ELEGANT DOMESTIC CHESTS, OF POLISHED MAHOGANY, ROSEWOOD OR WALNUT. All carefully filled as above. From Rs. 53 to Rs. 100.

CHESTS IN OAK, DEAL, AND MAHOGANY, of various sizes, for Veterinary, Camp, Industrial, and other purposes. From Rs. 20 to Rs. 130.

DR. MOORE'S SMALL FAMILY MEDICINE CHEST. In Teak, Rs. 20; in Oak, Rs. 28.

DR. HUNTER'S DISTRICT MEDICINE CHEST, in Mahogany, Rs. 60.

We strongly recommend every up-country Resident's investing in one of these useful articles. Always of great utility; where a family or establishment is concerned its importance cannot be over-estimated.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....Mr. Geo. Norville.

THE LAST PERFORMANCE
OF
THE BERGER-DEPLACE
AND
THU-ZET
COMPANY
WILL TAKE PLACE TO-MORROW,
SATURDAY, 16TH JULY.

AN ENTIRELY NEW BILL WILL BE PRESENTED.

Plan can be seen and seats secured at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

S.S. SPEKE HALL
FOR LIVERPOOL.

THIS steamer will leave the Prince's Dock for sea at 2 o'clock on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, the 16th instant. Passengers must be on board by noon.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

INTEREST WARRANTS for the half year ending 30th June, 1881, have THIS DAY been POSTED.

G. A. BARNETT, Agent.
Company's Offices, Bombay, 11th July, 1881.

THE SHOLAPOOR SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an AD INTERIM DIVIDEND of Rs. 50 (Fifty) for fully paid-up shares for the half year ending 30th June, 1881, WILL BE PAID on and after THURSDAY, the 21st instant, between the hours of 12 a.m. and 3 p.m., at the Company's Office, No. 2, Church Lane, Fort, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 21st July, instant, on production of Share Certificates.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Saturday, the 16th, to 23rd instant, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
MORARJEE GOCULDASS & Co.,
Bombay, July 11, 1881. Agents.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FOURTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Proprietors and Shareholders of the Bank of Bombay will be held at the Bank on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd proximo, at 3 p.m., for the following objects:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and Statement of accounts up to 30th ultimo.
2. To elect Directors for the ensuing year in room of the Hon'ble J. N. Graham and Mr. Ahmedbhoy Hubibhoy, who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
3. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board of Directors,
M. BALFOUR,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 11th July, 1881

NOTICE.

FRESH TENDERS are hereby invited, under the orders of Government, for the EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE of RETAILING TODDY and COUNTRY SPIRIT of strength not exceeding 25 U. P. in the marginally noted talukas of the KOLABA DISTRICT from the 1st August, 1881, to the 31st July, 1882, subject to the conditions given in the Notice dated the 11th June, 1881, under the signature of the Commissioner of Customs, Opium and Abkari, published in the *Bombay Government Gazette*.

ALIBAG taluka with the exception of the portion known as Bagayat villages.
PEN taluka including Nagotna Peta.
ROHA taluka.
MANGAON taluka.
MAHAD taluka.
SURUDAGAD Mahal of the Bhore State.

2. Tenders will be received for the whole or for any portion by talukas of the tract above described. What the tenders are to specify is explained in para. 2 of the Notice mentioned above. Fresh tenders now called for must be sent to the Collector of Kolaba so as to reach him on or before 12 o'clock noon of the 20th July, 1881. The final disposal of the tenders and the decision will be announced on or before the 25th July, 1881, and communicated to the tenderers at the Collector's Office at Alibag, and the deposits will then be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers on their application to the Collector.

3. In the second line of para. 3 of the first notice read the words "four days" instead of the words "one week;" also at the close of the 8th line in para 5, read "31st" instead of the "14th."

J. ELPHINSTON,
Collector.
Kolaba, Collector's Office, Alibag, July 11, 1881.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MARINE BRANCH.
MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
(No. 25.)
INDIA—WEST COAST.
CALICUT.
DATE OF EXHIBITION OF PERMANENT WHITE LIGHT.

WITH reference to this Department Notice to Mariners, No. 18, dated 15th November 1880, on the temporary exhibition of a fixed light, and the intended alteration in the light-apparatus at Calicut Light-House:—

Information has been received that the new permanent light will be exhibited on the 16th July, 1881.

The light will be a fixed white light, elevated 102 feet above the level of high water, and should be visible, in clear weather, from a distance of 14 miles.

The apparatus is Dioptric, or by lenses, of the 4th order.

By Direction of the Government of India,
A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I. N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.
Marine Survey Department, Calcutta, 5th July, 1881.

This Notice affects the following:—

British Admiralty Charts, Nos. 64, 747, 2737, and 827.
„ „ West Coast of Hindostan Pilot (1880), page 95.
„ „ Light List for 1881.
Indian Marine Survey Chart, No. 15c.
Light List for 1881.
Also Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I, page 405.

If this Notice is received on board-ship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

By order of His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
M. W. WILLOUGHBY, Colonel.
Secretary to Government of Bombay, Marine Department.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

OZO
Is a brain tonic.

OZO
Is a nerve tonic.

OZO
Contains Phosphorous and Iron.

OZO
Braces the muscles.

OZO
Stimulates by strengthening.

OZO
Is a delightful sparkling drink.

OZO
Excels all other drinks of a like nature.

OZO,
Per dozen bottles, cash Rs. 3.

OZO,
Invented and Manufactured by
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
WHOLESALE CHEMISTS
and
MANUFACTURERS,
SHIPPERS OF INDIAN DRUGS.
(Prize Medal, 1873.)

Price Lists, Wholesale and General, furnished on receipt of Card.

SASSOON HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOW READY.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS,

BY THE

POLITICAL ORPHAN.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

Price Rs. 2-8.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S JEWELLERY DEPARTMENT.

THIS Branch of TREACHER & Co.'s extensive business receives special care and attention from the Management, who confine their dealings to the FIRST CLASS LONDON MANUFACTURE AND QUALITY ONLY, for which the Company have been so long and so favourably known.

By the careful selection of novelties characterised by elegance, neatness and taste, they trust to confirm and extend the large connection with which they have been favoured during the past FIFTY YEARS.

BRACELETS—			
Plain and worked Gold, various handsome patterns	...	...	from Rs. 72 to 250
Jewelled with Diamonds, Pearls, &c.	...	...	from 85 to 500
BROOCHES—			
Plain and worked Gold, novel shapes	...	...	from 36 to 85
Jewelled with Pearls, Diamonds, Turquoise, &c.	...	...	from 50 to 100
Tiger Claws, beautifully mounted	...	...	from 58 to 80
EARRINGS—			
Stud, different patterns	...	...	from 18 to 28
Do. Jewelled, Pearls and Diamonds	...	...	from 25 to 70
Do. Single Diamond	...	...	from 45 to 200
Miniature	...	...	from 20 to 34
Do. Jewelled	...	...	from 30 to 70
Worked Gold	...	...	from 25 to 80
Do. Jewelled with Corals, Pearls	...	...	from 25 to 70
Tiger Claw, handsome mounted	...	...	from 58 to 70
LOCKETS—			
Bright or Dead Gold	...	...	from 45 to 100
Engraved Gold	...	...	from 32 to 100
Fancy Patterns, Filbert, Almond, Book, &c.	...	...	from 27 to 80
Jewelled Diamonds, Pearls, Corals, &c.	...	...	from 90 to 225
Tiger Claw, very handsome	...	...	from 90 to 100
Gentlemen's Lockets, set with Onyx, Sardonyx, &c.	...	...	from 27 to 105
Mourning, Enamelled, &c.	...	...	from 25 to 85
COLLARETTES—			
Very handsome designs, many novelties	...	...	from 150 to 250
NECKLETS—			
Various Patterns	...	...	from 40 to 200
SUITES OF JEWELLERY—			
Comprising Bracelet, Brooch and Earrings	...	...	from 200 to 335
Do. Jewelled	...	...	from 315 to 500
Consisting of Locket, Necklet and Earrings	...	...	from 180 to 360
DEMI SUITES OF JEWELLERY—			
Comprising Brooch and Earrings	...	...	from 54 to 130
Do. Jewelled	...	...	from 100 to 280
Consisting of Locket and Earrings	...	...	from 150 to 200
RINGS—			
Ladies' Jewelled, Plain Gipsy	...	...	from 31 to 280
Do. Tablet	...	...	from 20 to 120
Do. Half-Hoop	...	...	from 27 to 250
Do. Single Stone Brilliant, Claw or Gipsy setting	...	...	from 70 to 150
Gentlemen's Plain Gold, very fashionable	...	...	from 28 to 80
Do. Signet	...	...	from 32 to 80
Do. Single Diamonds, Gipsy Setting	...	...	from 90 to 250
Snake Rings, Plain Gold or Jewelled	...	...	from 25 to 100
Wedding, Victoria and Alexandra Patterns	...	...	from 15 to 25
Keeper, engraved in various styles	...	...	from 12 to 20

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SUPERIOR IRISH TABLE-LINEN.

DISCOUNT—Two Annas in the Rupee for Ready-Money.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Best Double Damask, cut by the yard to suit any size table, most useful for Messes, &c., neat centres with handsome borders, per yard	7 0	Table Napkins to match cloths, in several qualities— 2/3 by 2/3, per doz. ...at Rs. 9 0 and 12 8 2/6 by 2/6, do. ...at Rs. 13 0, 16 0 and 20 0 D'Oyleys Fringed	9 0

TOWELS FOR BATH AND GENERAL USE.

	Doz. Rs. a.		Doz. Rs. a.
Fine White Honeycomb, Strong and Durable	10 0	White Cotton Turkish Bath Towels	20 0
Extra Large	15 0	White Cotton Turkish Bath Blankets, each	6 0
White Linen Damask	16 0	Brown Linen Turkish Bath Towels	20 0
White Huckaback, fine, thin and very soft	24 0	Extra Large	30 0

CASH'S PATENT ROUGH TOWELS, each Rs. 3-4.

3, Rampart Row. HOAR AND CO., BOMBAY. The Travellers' Kit House.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

THORPE AND CO.

HAVE a nice selection of CLOTHS suitable for wear during the PRESENT SEASON, consisting of

CHEVIOTS, TWEEDS,
HOME-SPUNS, SERGES,
FLANNELS, DIAGONALS,

ALSO

WHIP-CORDS, BEDFORD-CORDS,
COTTON-CORDS, MOLESKIN,
LINEN-DRILLS, SHIKAR-CLOTHS,

&c. &c. &c. &c.

OF THE BEST QUALITY AND GUARANTEED WORKMANSHIP.

THORPE AND COMPANY,
MEADOW STREET.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, SPOONS, FORKS, ETC.

RICHLY ELECTRO-PLATED ON BEST NICKEL SILVER.

	Fiddle Pattern. Rs.	a.	Thread and Shell Pattern Rs.	a.	Lily Pattern. Rs.	a.	King's Pattern. Rs.	a.
Table Spoons per doz.	24	0	36	0	32	0	33	0
Dessert „	19	0	26	0	24	0	24	0
Tea „	10	0	16	0	16	0	17	0
Table Forks „	24	0	36	0	32	0	33	0
Dessert „	19	0	26	0	24	0	24	0
Soup Ladles each.	10	0	11	0	11	0	11	0
Sauce „	3	8	4	0	4	0	4	0
Gravy Spoons „	5	12	7	0	7	0	7	0
Fish Knives, pierced and engraved blade. „	12	0	14	0	14	0	14	0
Butter „	3	0	4	0	4	0	4	0
Sugar Spoons „	2	0	2	0	2	0	2	0
Salt „ with gilt bowls „	1	0	1	8	1	4	1	4
Egg „ „ „	1	0	1	8	1	4	1	4
Mustard „ „ „	1	0	1	8	1	4	1	4
Sugar Sifters (gilt Rs. 2 extra) „	2	8	3	8	3	0	3	0
Sugar Tongs „	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	0
Marrow Spoons „	2	12	3	8	3	8	3	8
Cheese Scoops, with ivory handle „	8	0	11	0	11	0	11	0
Caddy Spoons „	1	0	1	8	1	8	1	8
Toddy Ladles „	2	0	2	8	2	8	2	8
Ice Tongs „	7	0	9	0	8	0	9	0
Asparagus Tongs „	13	0	17	0	17	0	17	0
Salad „	12	0	15	0	14	0	14	0
Salad Spoons and Forks „	14	0	16	0	15	0	15	0
Pickle Forks „	1	4	1	8	1	8	1	8
Skewers per inch	0	8	0	12	0	12	0	12

The above price are for cash with order; 10 per cent. will be added if credit be given.

HAMILTON & CO.,
JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS,
BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. E. SIR JAMES FERGUSSON, K.C.S.I.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
NEXT TO NATIONAL BANK,
CALCUTTA AND SIMLA.

July 15th, 1881.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

ESTABLISHED 1803.

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise in Bombay and up-country issued, on behalf of the above Company, at most favourable rates, by the Undersigned, from whom full particulars may be obtained.

BENN, ASHLEY & Co., Agents.

A RETURN of 15 PER CENT. is allowed on Mills, &c.

MEDICINAL ELIXIRS.

AN elegant series of preparations strongly recommended by American physicians and in universal use in the United States. They are well adapted for patients of delicate habit and for convalescents, and are introduced at the suggestion of medical friends, as specially suited to this country.

	Pint bottles. Rs. as.
Elixir of Chiretta	2 0
Elixir of Chiretta with Iron	2 0
Elixir of Chiretta with Pepsine	2 0
Elixir of Cinchona	2 0
Elixir of Cinchona with Iron	2 0
Elixir of Cinchona with Iron and Strychnia	2 0
Nutritive Elixir—Contains the Extract of Meat	2 0
Nutritive Elixir with Iron	2 0
Elixir of Bismuth and Pepsine	2 0

The above are most agreeable as Liqueurs, and are taken in the dose of a liqueur-glassful.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

SPARKLING VIVONE.
(REGISTERED)

THE GREAT NON-ALCOHOLIC WINE ADAPTED FOR ALL.

NO taste too refined, none too uncultured, to appreciate it. In the ordinary emergencies of life superior to Alcoholic Liquors. Possesses a marvellous power of quenching thirst, and medical properties of rare virtue. Invalids should use it. It is often invaluable in the sick-chamber.

To the ADVANCED IN LIFE, the AGED, and the PREMATURELY AGED it is a FOOD.

Dozen, Rs. 3. 2 Dozen with Case, Rs. 6-8.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

STANDARD AERATED WATERS.

D. S. KEMP & Co. are now able to turn out these Beverages in a state of perfection which CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

Their new Factory, of which inspection is invited, embraces Filtering Arrangements which are absolutely Perfect, a thorough treatment with Charcoal depriving the filtered water of

ALBUMENOID NITROGEN

and all other unwholesome impurities. The whole being open as day to light and ventilation.

D. S. KEMP & Co. invite comparison of the following Waters with those of any other Maker whatever:—

	Per doz. Rs. a.
Soda Water (5 grains Bicarbonate per bottle)	0 12
Aerated Water	0 12
Tonic Water (Quinine & Bigarade Orange Blossom)	1 0
Aromatic Ginger Ale (incomparable)	1 0
Lemonade	1 0
Gingerade	1 0
Potash Water (British Pharmacopœa)	1 8
Medicinal Soda Water (British Pharmacopœa)	1 0
Lithia Water (British Pharmacopœa)	1 8
Seltzer Water	1 0
Bottles charged extra	2 0

Preserve the pungency by opening gently and decanting on Ice.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

THE MAZAGON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED, IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that all CREDITORS of, and CLAIMANTS against, the above Company are hereby requested to SEND in particulars of their DEBTS and CLAIMS in writing on or before the 15th day of July, 1881, to the Liquidators of the abovenamed Company at its registered office, Nos. 17 and 18, Rampart Row, within the Fort of Bombay. After the expiration of such period the assets of the Company will be DISTRIBUTED amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the debts or claims of which the Liquidators shall then have notice.

All persons indebted to the Company, or having property of the Company in their hands, are hereby required to forthwith pay their debts or hand over such property to the Liquitors of the said Company.—Dated this 7th day of June, 1881.

JOHN GORDON,
DAMODERDAS TAPIDAS, } Liquidators.

NO MORE DEATHS FROM FEVER.
THE NEW FEBRIFUGE.
POGSON'S ALKALOID FEVER PILLS

HAVE been carefully tried on a large scale in the Poona Municipal and Military Hospitals, and have been found most successful. Mr. A. H. Pinkett, Chairman, Poona Municipal Committee, states:—"That 18 Pills were given by him with complete success in an obstinate case of Fever, in which Quinine had failed. (See Poona Reports.) They have as a rule cured "Peshawur Fever," which has hitherto been almost incurable. (See Punjaub Reports).

In the fever-stricken district of Furruckabad, N.-W. Provinces, they have been very extensively used and were stated to be "Still better than the Cinchona." (See N.-W. P. Reports.)

These Pills contain no "mercury" in any form, and they cure off-hand, without the use of any other medicines.

Sold in bottles each containing ½ Gross and one Gross at Rs. 2-8 and 1-0 per bottle.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,
D. FERNANDES & CO.,
DISPENSING CHEMISTS, BOMBAY.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 14.

THE allotment of Council Drafts in London yesterday at an average rate of 1s. 7 1/16d. per Rupee has strengthened rates of Exchange here and in Calcutta, but the amount of business passing generally is very restricted, although the Piece-goods and other Hindoo bazaars have re-opened. The particulars of the allotments of Council Bills were as follows:—Rs. 19,20,000 to Calcutta and Rs. 20,80,000 to Bombay, tenders at 1s. 7 1/16d. receiving 93 per cent. of the amounts applied for. It is intimated that Rs. 40,00,000 of Bills will be again offered next week.

Reuter's telegrams of yesterday report a further rise of 1/8 in Consols, which are now quoted at 101 1/8. French Rentes are unchanged at Fr. 120. Indian Government Securities are again dearer, Four per cents. being quoted at 86, and Fours-and-a-half at 91 1/2. The rate for the Sterling Loan is unchanged at 103 3/8. Rates of discount remain as last quoted.

In the London General Produce markets Coffee is as last quoted. Cocoanut Oil is unchanged for Cochin at £28, but Ceylon has given way 10s. per ton, being now quoted at £27 per ton. Metals, with the exception of Hard Spelter, which is 10s. dearer, are unchanged. The markets for Linseed and Rapeseed are reported firm at a general advance of 6d. per quarter; that for Wheat, however, is weaker, and prices are in some cases rather lower.

In Liverpool the Cotton market yesterday closed with a hardening tendency. The day's sales amounted to 10,000 bales, of which Surats showed a somewhat larger proportion, viz., 1,000 bales. There are, however, no changes in the values of Bombay descriptions, but Mid.-Uplands on the spot are quoted 1-16th per lb. higher at 6-17 per lb., and the quotation for July-August shipment, viz., 6 15 32 per lb., shows an advance of 3-32d. per lb. No American telegrams have come to hand during the day.

In Manchester the Piece-goods market is again reported to have been firm.

EXCHANGE.—The market opened firm here this morning at yesterday's closing quotations, and on the receipt of strong advices from Calcutta an advance of 1-32d. per rupee was established. The allotment of Council Drafts at 1s. 7 1/16d. was higher than was generally looked for, and this, together with the firm position of the market for silver, strengthened things here. Our own telegram and the public advices still quote Bar Silver at 50 1/2, but private messages are said to have been received during the day quoting 51d. per oz. Rates close strong, with no sellers for forward delivery. We quote:

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 7 17-32d.	per rupee.
Do. telegraphic	1s. 7 1/16.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 7 5/16.	"
Credits, 4 " "	1s. 7 25-32d.	"
Documents, 4 " "	1s. 7 13-16d.	"
French, 3 " "	209	"

On Calcutta we quote demand drafts at Rs. 100 to Rs. 100 1-16, and 60 days' sight bills at Rs. 99 2.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Early in the day business was done in Four per cents. at Rs. 105 3, but the closing rate is 1/4 below that rate. Fours-and-a-half are, however, in good demand at Rs. 101 3 to 101 1/2.

SHARES.—There has again been considerable activity displayed in this market, and quotations for Press and Spinning and Weaving Companies continue to move upwards. In Miscellaneous shares the only quotable change is an advance of Rs. 115 per share in Bombay-Burmah Trading Company.

COTTON.—We have had another blank day, the reported transactions being confined to a few purchases for the local mills. Quotations are nominally unaltered.

LINSEED and RAPESEED are firm, and prices are a shade higher. WHEAT is unchanged at Rs. 31-8 for White.

PIECE-GOODS.—The market has been re-opened to-day, and a fair enquiry prevails both for ready and forward goods. The clearances from the bazaar amount to about 200 packages daily.

FREIGHTS.—The market is rather firm. The India, August shipment, has engaged 1,000 tons at 35s. for Marseilles. There is a good demand for this month's shipment for Liverpool, especially for Wheat, and rates have advanced by the Branksome Hall to 40s. There is rather more measurement offering, and about 500 tons have been booked at 36s. 3d. for early August shipment. The Clan Macduff has taken about 1,000 tons at 30s. For Marseilles.—The Clan Gordon has made further engagements at 36s. 3d., freight payable at port of discharge. Trieste and Venice.—The quotation by P. and O. Company and Austrian Lloyds is 40s., payable here at 2s. exchange.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS

BANKS.

	Shares.	Am't.	Paid up.	Last Dividend	Cash Rates.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	5 p. ct.	780
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	8 do.	800
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	8 do.	600
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	100,000	10	all	3 do.	130
Chart'd Bank I. & C.	40,000	20	all	5 do.	275
Chart'd Mercantile	30,000	25	all	6 do.	300
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	40,000	28	all	10 do.	525
National Bank of India	37,320	25	12 1/2	5 do.	112
Oriental Bank	60,000	25	all	5 do.	290

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	50	1,050
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 p.ct.	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	132 p.s.	1,000
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	2,400	2,200	375	537 1/2
Bahadur	625	1,000	1,000	20 p.s.	600
Barar Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	600	500	all	40	480
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	1,400	250	all	10	53
Colaba Press Co	500	1,880	1,880	50	1,025
Dhollera Press and Ginning Co	500	300	all	100	250
East India Press Co	700	1,000	1,000	50	1,125
Fort Press Co	150	5,000	3,000	300 p.s.	5,000
French Press Co	300	500	all	45 p. s.	470
Hind Press Co	100	2,000	750	50	425
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	15 p. s.	200
New Indian Press	1,000	350	350	14	182 1/2
Prince of W. Press	120	.....	1,500	75	1,540
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co	100	1,000	750	100	1,175
Sassoon Press Co	300	500	500	25	500
Volkart's Press Co	450	1,000	all	50	495

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	500	90	1,450
Albert Mill	400	2,000	all	..	1,250
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	1,000	100	5	135
Alfred Manufacturing Company	2,000	1,700	500	22 1/2 p.s.	660
Alliance Spinning	600	2,500	2,500	150 p.s.	2,875
Bhownuggur Mills	300	2,000	2,000	100	1,125
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	50	1,175
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	40 p. s.	830
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	50	1,060
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	nil	1,085
Empress S. & W. Co.	736	500	all	25 p. s.	620
Ditto (New issue)	400	500	150	..	385
Golam Baba S. Co.	1,000	500	400	20	545
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,170
Hyderabad Spinning Company	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,175
Jaffer Ali Spinning Company	600	500	500	50	675
Jewraz Bhalloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	60 p. s.	1,250
Khandelah	750	1,000	1,000	30	1,125
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	45 p. s.	1,150
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	75 p.s.	1,935
Mahalukshmi	650	1,000	500	..	635
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	75	1,635
Massoon Spinning Co.	5,000	250	250	12 p. s.	265
Morarjee Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	60	1,225
National Spinning	1,000	1,000	1,000	60	1,150
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	40 p. s.	1,250
Oriental	4,000	625	625	40	850
Prince of Wales Spinning Company	1,500	500	500	..	510
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	1,000	65	1,175
Shahpore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,230
Soondersdas	750	1,000	1,000	50	1,120
Southern India	500	500	Rs. 30	..	775
Victoria Mills	3,500	1,000	1,000	50	1,080
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200	1,000	200	15	885

LAND COMPANIES.

Freare Land	7,500	150	150	100	*20
Massoon Land, &c.	1,750	2,000	2,000	..	21
New Colaba Co.	4,000	3,000	2,925	30	1,050
Fort Canning Co.	6,000	1,400	1,400	10	255

* For distribution.

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20	218-3-0	5 p. ct	310
Do. New £20 shares	..	£20	130-14-6	do	26
Ditto	..	£20	65-7-3	do	72
Ditto	..	£10	21-13-1	do	32
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1,010
Do. New £1 Shares	..	£18	196-5-15	do	365

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Saw Mills	100	1,000	1,000	100	610
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	8 p.c.	170 to 160
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	225	2,400
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	10 p.ct.	10
Kurrachee Ice Co., Ld.	1,400	100	100	..	120
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co.	500	500	300	60	400
Mechanics Building Co.	4,000	50	50	3 p.ct.	18
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	5 p.ct.	50
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	10 p.ct.	20
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	1,000	1,000	100 p.s.	1,000
Rivon Gold Mining Co. Ld.	30,000 A	10	31	..	34
Do.	1,000 B	100	100	..	118
Thacker & Company	2,000	500	all	Rs. 90	815
Thacker & Company, Ghorpuri Gold Mining Co. Ld.	1,000	100	100	12	165
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co. Limited.	20,000	25	15	..	19
	42,000	25	15	..	15

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Claudius, 1,110 tons, Captain W. Gayland, arrived in harbour yesterday from Port Said (1st July) in ballast.

THE steamer Ossian, 1,211 tons, Captain W. Tillar, arrived in harbour yesterday from Port Said (1st July) in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Mr. Merwanjee Nusserwanjee.

THE steamer Knight of St. Patrick, 1,498 tons, Captain J. T. Shiell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Port Said (1st July) in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Sigg-Sulzer and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Arabia, 674 tons, aptain T. Johnson, sailed yesterday for Kurrachee with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Lieut. H. C. Fowell, Mr. J. B. Short, and 13 deck.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamer Thibet, 1,671 tons, Captain W. R. Jordan, which arrived in harbour on the 13th instant from Venice (24th June), brought the English mails and the following cargo:—30 cases beads, 17 packages piece-goods, 3 cases metal-leaves, 3 cases wine, 14 packages glassware, 2 cases medicine, 2 cases cigars, 1 box pearls, 1 box silver coins, 3 boxes specie, 2 boxes gold coins, 1 box rupees and notes, 9 packages metal-wire, 27 bales twist, 2 cases clocks, and 12 packages colours and paints.

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessel.	Commander	From.
14	Ossian (s)	Tillar	Port Said, July 1.
	Claudius (s)	Gayland	Port Said, July 1.
	K. of St. Patrick (s)	Shiell	Port Said, July 1.
	Caldur (s)	Dixon	Put back from sea.

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessel.	Commander	Destination
14	Avoca (s)	Webber	China.
	Lamperts (s)	Jones	Antwerp.
	Arabia (s)	Johnson	Kurrachee.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Ossian, to Marseilles.
Steamer Knight of St. Patrick, to Bordeaux.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

July. 10 Swordsman (s)..Barlasse ..Zanzibar, June 20.
Bhundara (s).....Hutchison ..Bombay, June 29.
Cardinal Donnet..Bernard ....Pondicherry, July 4.

DEPARTURES.

July 10.—Steamers Baghdad and Curlew. Ships Saint Mildred and Saint Mirren.

MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.

July. 10 Glenrath (s) .... Cardiff.

DEPARTURE.

July. 10 Chinsura (s) .... Bombay and S. Ports.

ADEN.

ARRIVALS.

May 7 Khartoum, E. G. B. ss, Munshoor, from Zeilla.
10 John Pender, ss, Perkins, from Bombay.
June 21 Bewcleugh, Ship, Clark, from Newcastle.
23 Lorna Doone, Yacht, ss, Freebody, from Glasgow.
24 Chioggia It. G. Boat, Preve, from Assab.
24 Dupleix, ss, Such, from Mauritius.
25 Arab, H. M.'s, ss, Stopford, from Red Sea.
26 Meinam, ss, Ravel, from Galle.
28 Dagmar, I. G. ss, Cuthbert, from Muccala.
28 Peshawar ss, Baker, from London.
28 Gwalior, ss, Adamson, from Venice.
29 Easington, ss, Greig, from Akyab.
29 Genoe, Ship, Reale, from Shields.
29 Nizam, ss, Brady, from Bombay.
30 Clandon, ss, Walton, from Bombay.
30 Crewe F. T. S., ss, Michelin, from Bourbon.
July 1 Calipso, ss, Gelcich, from Bombay.
1 Crown, ss, late, from Cardiff.
1 Celetial Empire, Ship, Duncan, from Cardiff.
1 Manora, ss, Cosens, from Calcutta.
1 Columbian, ss, Baldwin, from Jeddah.
1 Djigitt R. Corvette, ss, DeLivron, from Singapore.
1 Najesmich R. Corvette, ss, from Sychelles.
2 Consteon, ss, Dinsdale, from Bombay.
3 Inventor, ss, Reynolds, from Calcutta.
3 Chibine Egypt, ss, Hussan Beg, from Zeilla.
3 Rossia Russian, ss, Valitzky, from Hankow.
3 Quetta, ss, Templeton, from London.
4 Yarm, ss, Finn, from Bombay.
5 Orchis, ss, Mitchell, from Moulmein.
6 Petersburg, ss, Sedensenr, from Hankow.
6 Wheatfield, ss, Wilson, from Bombay.

DEPARTURES.

June 28 Peshawar, ss, Baker, to Calcutta.
28 Gwalior, ss, Adamson, to Bombay.
29 John Pender, ss, Perkins, to Suez.
29 Chioggia, It. G. Boat, Preve, to Assab.
29 Meinam, ss, Ravel, to Marseilles.
29 Easington, ss, Greig, to Malta F. O.
29 Nizam, ss, Brady, to London.
30 Clandon, ss, Walton, to Marseilles.
July 1 Lorna Doone Xacht, ss, Freebody, to Sharawak.
2 Calipso, ss, Gelcich, to Trieste.
2 Manora, ss, Cosens, to London.
2 Columbian, ss, Baldwin, to Bombay.
3 Djigitt R. Corvette, ss, DeLivron, to Suez.
3 Najesznich R. Corvette, ss, to Suez.
3 Consiston, ss, Dinsdale, to Marseilles.
3 Inventor, ss, Reynolds, to Marseilles.
3 Rossia Russian, ss, Valitzky, to Odessa.
4 Dagmar, I. G. ss, Cuthbert, to Perim.
4 Crown, ss, Late, to Persian Gulf.
4 Quetta, ss, Templeton, to Calcutta.
4 Yarm, ss, Finn, to Havre.
5 Khartoon E. G. B., ss, Munshoor, to Zeilla.
5 Orchis, ss, Mitchell, to Malta F. O.
6 Bencleugh, Ship, Clark, to Calcutta.
6 Chibine Egypt, ss, Hussan Beg, to Red Sea.
6 Petersburg, ss, Sedensenr, to Odessa.
6 Wheatfield, ss, Wilson, to Antwerp.

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.

Dupleix, ss, Such, from Mauritius.
Arab, H. M.'s, ss, Stopford, from Red Sea.
Enone, Ship, Beale, from Shields.
Crewe, F. T. S., ss, Michelin, from Bourbon.
Celestial Empire, Ship, Duncan.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JULY 14.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Clan Gordon (s)—500 boxes bar soap, Essoofally Sumsoodin; 10 crates earthenware, Bharmull Bhima; 1 crate glassware and 20 cases starch, M. M. Mody and Co; 3 packages hardware, Abdoolally Abdoolcadur; 2 casks iron nails and 15 packages hardware, Tyebally Dewoodjee.
Speke Hall (s)—6 cases glassware, Visram Allana.

FROM TRIESTE.

Gwalior (s)—6 cases glassware, Visram Allana.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 14.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Speke Hall (s)—370 cwts coir yarn, Purshotum Dewjee; 84 bales rags, Tokeee Jewraj; 25 bales wool, Hajee ruckchund Hunsraj; 5 bales wool, Pragjee Toolsee dass; 35 bales wool, Damodur Khuttow; 80 bales wool, Russoolbhoy Rahimbhoy.
Clan Ranold (s)—3,360 cwts wheat, Govindjee Madhowjee; 81 bales cotton, Nandram Moolchund; 250 cwts coir yarn, Latikee Dossoo and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Indus (s)—700 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 325 packages mother-of-pearl shells, M. Mackenzie and Co; 3,062 slabs tin, 12 cases fishmaws, 261 boxes tobacco, 518 bags rice, 27 baskets gutta purcha, 45 bales silk, 3,591 ingots copper, 1,087 ingots tin, 38 cases pictures, 6 packages stationery, 75 bales leather, 19 bales basils, 19 bales skins, 78 bales wool, and 131 packages mother-of-pearl shells, the P. and O. Co; 700 cwts myrabolams, James Mackintosh and Co; 1,000 cwts myrabolams, Robertson Brothers and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Argosy (s)—300 cwts rapeseed, Remington and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Storm Queen (s)—1,220 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co.
Simoom (s)—12,001 1/2 cwts linseed, Wallace and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Gwalior (s)—200 bales cotton, Sigg-Sulzer and Co; 15 hogsheads tallow and 15 chests button lock, the P. and O. Co.

FOR VENICE.

Gwalior (s)—100 bales cotton, the P. and O. Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Helena (s)—10,002 cwts linsced, Wallace and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Adirondock (s)—1,000 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co.
Ramleh (s)—1,500 cwts gingellyseed and 7,732 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers.
Clan Gordon (s)—1,030 cwts mowra-flowers, L. Singer and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Clan Gordon (s)—2,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co.
Gwalior (s)—632 bales cotton, the P. and O. Co.

FOR ALEXANDRIA.

Gwalior (s)—375 bales gunnies, the P. and O. Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Indus (s)—7 bags rice, Hajee Zanal Abedin.

FOR BORDEAUX.

Knight St. Patrick (s)—46,437 1/2 cwts wheat and 3940 1/2 cwts groundnuts, Sigg-Sulzer and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Zambesi (s)—18 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co; 187 cwts opium, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 7 chests opium, E. J. Abraham; 50 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; 1 1/2 cwts ivory, Ludhabhoy Tar Mahomed; 36 chests opium, Hajee Adom Esmail and Co; 6 1/2 chests opium, F. N. Postwalla; 18 chests opium, M. S. Gubbay and Co; 9 chests opium, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Zambesi (s)—201 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; 219 chests opium, Abraham Ezra and Co; 131 chests opium, E. J. Abraham; 14 chests opium, M. S. Gubbay and Co; 16 chests opium, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co; 11 chest, opium, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy; 20 chests opium, Tata and Co.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 15.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir CHARLES SARGENT.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

658-76—Shapurjee and T—Khursetjee Rustomjee Cama vs L. W. G. Carnac and others—C. and B., H. T. and L. and R. V. Hearn—Part heard.
489-80—In person—Manockjee Sorabjee Powvalla vs Hajee Ally Mahomed Hajee Ahmed.
7-81—Janardhun and H.—Morarjee Poonja vs Bhimjee Girdhur—J. Maclane.
562-79—Shapurjee and T—Khema Bhaichund and others vs Jaitharam Savakram.
275-80—Hore, C. and B.—Abdool Rahiman Isaack vs Hajee Joosub Hajee Essa.
For further direction.
432-76—In person—(A pauper) Jewan Padman vs Khaluckdina Khuffanbhoy—Ardeshir and H.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

380-79—Payne and G.—Chrishnarao Succaram and others vs Rao Bahadoor Muddon Shrisrishna and others—A. F. Turner; and L. Macfarlane—Part heard.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice WEST.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

128-81—Jefferson B. and L.—Hunsraj bhoy bin Syedna &c., vs Cowasjee Jehangir Jussawala—Payne and G. Part heard.
359-80—Framjee K.—Bachoobai and others vs Coovcrbai and others—Shapurjee and T.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JULY 11.

Hewett, Surg., on duty, from Ahmedabad.

JULY 12.

Hodges, 2nd Lieut., 2nd Bombay L. C., on duty, from Poona.

JULY 13.

Legge, Major, 9th Lancers, from leave, from England.
Van Heythuysen, Lieut. Col., Staff, on duty, from Madras.
Keene, Lieut., R. A., on duty, from Poona.
Gordon, Major, 23rd Regt., from leave, from England.

JULY 14.

Salmon, Captain, 1st Regt. H. C., on leave, from Lingsagur.
Kellie, Surg., 1st Regt. H. C., on leave, from Lingsagur.

DEPARTURES.—JULY 13.

Nuthall, Captain, 25th Bombay N. L. I., on leave, to Poona.

JULY 14.

Roper, Major, 98th Regt., on leave, to Poona.
Hodges, 2nd Lieut., 2nd Bombay L. C., on duty, to Poona.
Stopford, Captain, Asst. Quarter-master Genl., from leave, to Poona.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, July 14.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Surg.-Major M. M. Mackenzie, I. M. D., is allowed furlough to Europe for one year on medical certificate, with the necessary subsidiary leave.—
The services of Surg. Major R. H. Batty, I. M. D., are placed at the disposal of Govt. for employment in the Civil Dept.
The following Native promotions are made in Poona Horse, with effect from the dates specified:—
Wordie Major Ruhimut Khan to be Risaldar Major, Jamadar Nadur Shaw Khan to be Wordie Major, and Kote Dafedar Mahomed Din Khan to be Jamadar, from the 1st May, vice Sakidad Khan, pensioned.
Russaidar Ahmed Khan to be Risaldar, Supernumerary, Russaidar Mahomed Shaw Khan to be Russaidar, Jamadar Nubeedad Khan to be Supery. Russaidar, and Kote Dafedar Sirdar Ali to be Jamadar from the 30th May, vice Shaik Kadur, pensioned.
Lieut. D. C. Mackenzie, S. C., having completed twelve years' service, four of which have been in the S. C., to be Capt. from 8th July subject to H. M.'s approval.
The undermentioned S. C. officers having completed twelve years' service, four of which have been in the S. C., to be Capts. from 7th July subject to H. M.'s approval:—Lieut. W. J. Orr, Lieut. A. W. C. Bell, Lieut. T. R. M. Macpherson, Lieut. G. C. Dobbs, Lieut. B. L. P. Reilly.
Capt. W. C. Harrison, S. C. (Wing Officer, 30th N. I.,) is appointed to be Fort Adjt, Asirghar, with effect from the 30th July in succession to Major R. Bythell, whose tenure of the appointment expires on the 29th idem.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surg. D. A. Gomes assumed medical charge of the Cutch Agency on the 4th April last, after office hours.
Mr. H. E. Watson, Second Class Dy. Collr., Sind, is appointed to officiate as Supdt., Upper Sind Frontier, during the absence on privilege leave of Lieut. Col. A. W. Trevor, or until further orders.
Mr. Watson will join his appointment as soon as his services are available from the Camel Compensation Committee, until which time Mr. R. Giles will carry on the duties.
Lieut.-Col. M. Phillips and Capt. J. M. Hunter respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Asst. Political Agent in Sorath Prant, Kathiawar, on the 1st inst., before office hours.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Ramchandra Narayan, Clerk of the Second Class Sub. Judge's Court at Kada in the Ahmednagar Dist., was, in addition to his own duties, in charge of the current duties of that Court from the 1st to the 12th June, both days inclusive.
Mr. Udharam Thaverdas, Asst. Sindhi Translator, performed the duties of the Sindhi Translator to Govt. in Sind from the 26th April to the 1st June, both days inclusive.
Mr. Waman Trimbak is appointed to be Clerk of the Second Class Sub. Judge's Court at Nevasa in the Ahmednagar Dist.
The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. C. P. B. Wilson, First Class Magte. in the Kanara Dist., to be a visitor of the Dist. Jail at Karwar.
The Governor in Council is pleased to confer on Azan Anna Gopal, Mahalkari of Petha Umbargaon, Taluka Dahanu in the Thana Dist., the powers of a Mamlatdar.
The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Messrs. R. A. Lamb and E. Lawrence, Magtes. of the First Class in the Dist. of Khandesh, to be Visitors of the Dist. Jail at Dhulia.
Mr. W. H. Crowe received charge of the office of Senior Asst. Judge and Sessions Judge of Thana for the detached Station of Nasik on the 25th ult.
Rao Saheb Vishnu Krishna Jogleker, Acting Second Class Sub. Judge, deputed to assist the Sub-Judge of Mahad in the Thana Dist., received charge of his appointment on the 24th ult.
Rao Saheb Krishnaji Parashram Gadgil, Acting Second Class Sub. Judge, deputed to assist the First Class Sub. Judge at Nasik in the Thana Dist. assumed charge of his duties at Nasik on the 2nd inst.
Mr. Ramchandra Govind Kanade is appointed to be Clerk of the Senior Asst. Judge's Court at Nasik in the Thana Dist.
Rao Bahadur Khanderao Vishvanath Raste, a First Class Sardar and Inamdar in the Kolaba Dist., is appointed to be an Hony. Magte., and is invested with the powers of a Magte. of the Second Class in that Dist.
Mr. W. Foxton, Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Karachi, has been permitted by H. M.'s Secy. of State for India to return to duty witnin the period of his leave.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Palanji Adurji Mistri assumed charge of the office of Acting Head Master, Nadiad High School, on the 28th ult.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Marigowda bin Kalangowda having been convicted under secs. 212, 217 and 411 of the Indian Penal Code, is dismissed from the office of Police Patel of Katurgi, Taluka Hubli in the Dharwar Collectorate, and is declared ineligible for further employment under Govt.
Mr. H. E. Winter, C. S., to be substantive pro tem. First Asst. Collr., vice Mr. W. Woodward.
Mr. T. N. Hamilton to be sub. pro tem. Second Asst. Collr., vice Mr. Winter.
Mr. A. D. Carey, Collr. of Salt Revenue, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months from or after the 9th proximo.
Mr. H. C. Davidson, Asst. Supdt., Ratnagiri Revenue Survey, is allowed privilege leave of absence for one month and nineteen days.
Mr. R. E. Candy, Acting Collr. of Kanara, is allowed privilege leave of absence for sixty days.
Mr. R. C. Beynon, Asst. Supdt., S. M. Country Revenue Survey, has been allowed by H.M.'s Secy. of State for India an extension of his leave for three months, on sick certificate.
Mr. H. E. W. Winter, C. S., having returned to the Presidency on the 27th ult., the unexpired portion of his fulough from that date to the 24th Oct. next is cancelled.
Mr. W. Porteous, C. S., acted as Collr. and Magte. of the Dist. of Ahmednagar and Dist. Registrar, Ahmednagar, from 16th March to 15th June, both days inclusive.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Surg.-Major H. Batty is appointed to act as Civil Surg., Ahmednagar, during the absence of Surg.-Major M. M. Mackenzie, or until further orders.
Surg. H. C. H. Peacocke is appointed to act as Presidency Surg., 2nd Dist., and Marine Surg., during the absence of Surg.-Major J. Arnott, M.D.C.M., on privilege leave.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATION.

Mr. R. T. Wingate, Asst. Supdt., S. M. Country Revenue Survey, having been granted fifteen months' furlough by Govt. Resolution, Revenue Dept., dated 12th May last, relinquished charge of his duties on the 1st June and embarked for England on the 14th idem.
Messrs. F. S. P. Lely delivered over and F. C. O. Beaman received charge of the office of the First Asst. Collr., Ahmedabad, on the 4th inst., in the afternoon.
Rao Saheb Ganesh Bulal to be Probationary Fourth Grade Mamlatdar of Taluka Peint in the Nasik Dist.
Surg.-Major M. M. Mackenzie and Surg.-Major R. H. Batty respectively delivered over and received charge of the Ahmednagar Dist. Jail on the 3rd July.
The following transfers are ordered:—
Apothecaries J. H. Underwood, from Civil Medical Dept., to General Duty, Presy, Circle; M. F. Fernandez, from R. A., Ahmedabad, to General Duty, Mhow Circle.
Asst. Apothecaries A. L. Mercado, from R. A., Kirkee, to Tithal Sanitarium; A. L. Mercado, from Tithal Sanitarium to Purandhar Sanitarium; J. A. Pereira from Purandhar Sanitarium to General Duty, Poona; J. Sampson, from Field Service to R. A., Ahmedabad; J. W. Ranger, from General Duty, Sind Circle, to 98th Regt.
The name of Chunder Poorun, Native Medical Pupil, is struck off from the list of Sub. Medical Dept.

SURGEON DENTIST,
DR. C. F. KHORY
(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873),
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

ALEXANDER—July 10th, at Kurrachee, the wife of Lieutenant F. G. Alexander, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

THOMSON—July 9th, at Fyzabad, the wife of Captain T. G. Thomson, 36th Bengal Infantry, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

BURNETT—MILLER—July 2nd, at Secunderabad, J. J. Burnett, 2nd Battalion 24th Regiment, son of General Burnett, of Gadgirth, Ayrshire, to Raby Mary Constance, daughter of the late Major General W. H. Miller, C. B., Madras Artillery.

The Bombay Gazette
FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1881.

IT was probably quite as well for the Hellenic cause that the Hellenes managed to hold their tongues about their financial scandal till the European Powers had definitely handed over to them the right to have and to hold the Thessalian districts. If the disclosures had taken place earlier, awkward questions might have been asked which might have tasked even the robust faith of a "Greek committeeman" to have to consider. Very serious importance attaches, nevertheless, to these disclosures. It is quite evident that the Governments which supported the claim of the Greeks to a rectification of frontiers, or more truly speaking to an extension of territory, were not aware, or were unregardful of the fact, that the most necessary reform in the Hellenic question is the reform of Greek administration by Greeks. The resignations of the Greek Minister for Finance and the Greek Minister for War had not, indeed, taken place, but the general corruption and misgovernment in Greece were so patent that it is matter of much regret that no provisions were inserted in the convention ceding Thessaly to Greece, in order to secure the Thessalians some sort of local autonomy as a protection against the official plunderers of Athens. It is a very slight improvement, indeed, of the Eastern situation to transfer Christian populations to Christian rule if in respect to corrupt and tyrannical administration the new Christian rulers recall the least pleasant peculiarities of the banished Pashas. If the object of the Powers had been to prevent further turmoil and disturbance, internal reforms ought to have been made to accompany the acquisition of territory and population.

The narrative of the financial scandals in Greece ought to be easy, for one reason at any rate. The foreign observer of the situation need not be embarrassed by any doubts as to which political party is principally responsible for the embezzlement of public funds and the corrupt misuse of official positions. There is a beautiful harmony of cross-accusation among all parties and on all sides. To the virtuously indignant followers of M. Coumounduros who exclaims, "fie, for shame, you did it," the virtuously indignant partisan of M. Tricoupis replies with equal justice, "out upon you, so did you." The defaulting treasurer of the Eparchate of Bœotia, one M. Vesentlas, had robbed his country at his ease for

TELEGRAMS.

RACING AT BANGALORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JULY 14.

At the races this evening there was a numerous attendance, including the Maharaja.

TRIAL STAKES.

Palmerston 1
Epilogue 2

Distance one mile ; time 1m. 51s.

MAHARAJA'S CUP.

Sir Robert... 1
Volunteer 2

Close race.

GALLOWAY PURSE.

Grey Warior 1
Quicksilver 2

One mile ; time 2m. 2s.

BANGALORE CUP.

Ecarté 1
Maid of Orleans 2

Another pony race was won by Ruby easily.

Vinall rode three first winners. Course very hard. Splendid weather.

CONTRADICTION OF THE REPORT OF NAGA RAIDS.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

SIMLA, JULY 14.

The rumour that an attack had been made by the Sema Nagas on a Lotha village has proved to be unfounded.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

THE IRISH LAND BILL.

LONDON, JULY 14.

The extreme Home Rule members of the House of Commons are obstructing the clause of the Irish Land Bill relating to emigration.

TUNISIAN AFFAIRS.

TUNIS, JULY 13.

Some Turkish ironclads have arrived off Tripoli, and are being watched by the French Squadron.

A revolt has taken place at Cabes, and all the Europeans have taken refuge in the shipping in the harbour.

THE BULGARIAN PARLIAMENT.

SOPHIA, JULY 13.

The Bulgarian Parliament have voted by acclamation the conditions of government demanded by Prince Alexander.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, JULY 13.

The Hall Line steamer City of Baltimore left here for Bombay this afternoon.

MALTA, JULY 13.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

ADEN, JULY 13.

The Italian mail-steamer Manilla, Captain G. Dodero, left Aden for Bombay to-day.

LONDON, JULY 13.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed with a hardening tendency. Surats steady.

The London Cotton Market has been firm.

Fair Dhollera	4¼
The Manchester Market has been firm.	
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	103⅜
4 „ Rupee Paper	86
4½ „ do.	91½
3 „ Consols for account	101⅛
5 „ French Rentes	120
Bar Silver	50½
Arrivals—Cyenus, Kepler, Khedive, Hoarfagar.	Harold,
Departures—Menzaleh, Success.	

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SUNDAY NIGHT, JULY 13.

At 10 p.m. ... ... 80·3 Fahr.

MONDAY, JULY 14.

At 6 a.m.	80·4
„ 10 a.m.	84·2
„ 2 p.m.	84·9
„ 4 p.m.	82·1

THE depôt of the Seaforth Highlanders (late 78th) has received orders to move from Poona to join the regiment at Sitapur and Benares, and will proceed by rail *viâ* Callian and Allahabad on Monday next. The depôt has been detained at Poona since the return of the service companies from Afghanistan, in consequence of the heat of the weather, which the medical authorities considered dangerous for the movement of troops in large parties.

REGARDING the announcement that another honours *Gazette* will probably be issued, we note that the *Pioneer* is in a position to state that the Commander-in-Chief and the Government of India forwarded to England a fortnight ago a new and supplementary list of deserving officers.

CAPTAIN GEORGES, R. A., who was recently transferred from Allahabad to Lucknow to act as Adjutant of Artillery in that division, has, it is stated, been appointed permanently to the Adjutancy of the Artillery Division at Mhow.

THE irrigation report of the North-West Provinces for the rabbi season of 1880-81 shows that the total area irrigated was 1,032,010 acres, or over 180,000 acres more than the irrigated area of the previous rabbi, but less by 43,942 acres than the area of 1878-79, which was the largest on record. The increase since last year was due to the deficiency of the monsoon rainfall.

A MAHOMEDAN ASSOCIATION is being formed at Meerut with the following, amongst other, objects :—To organize a Mahomedan ecclesiastical body ; to instruct the Mahomedans in the refined principles of morality ; to teach them the way of improving their wordly affairs through the instrumentality of such religious instructions as are in perfect keeping with the true religion of the Prophet, which teaches, in addition to other good principles, strict loyalty to the ruling power ; to beget in them a spirit of unity and national sympathy ; and to establish new schools for the training and education of the hitherto neglected Mahomedan boys, and improve the condition of those institutions that already exist.

A MEETING took place last week, at the Bishop's Palace, Calcutta, between Messrs. Reynolds, Harrison, and Lambert representing the Government, and a deputation of four missionaries. The meeting was presided over by the Bishop of Calcutta, and its object was to arrive at a *modus vivendi* between the missionaries and the authorities. The questions involved were very fully and fairly discussed, and the result submitted to the Lieutenant-Governor.

THE *Hindoo Patriot* has the following :—We hear that it is proposed to appoint only *one* and not *two* Native Judges, as we stated before, to the High Court, to work off arrears. The appointment will be made only for six months. The Chief Justice has recommended that the appointment should be made after the Dasserah vacation. It is understood that the appointment will be given to a native Sub-Judge.

IN the "Administration and Progress Report of the Civil Hospitals and Dispensaries under the Government of Bombay for the year 1880," which has just been issued, Dr. Beatty, Surgeon General, writes of the Bombay hospitals :—

"I have had frequent opportunities of visiting the large hospitals at the presidency-town, and am glad to be able to accord my entire approval at the manner in which they are conducted. The Sassoon Jeejeebhoy Hospital, under Surgeon-Major H. Cook, First Physician, aided by his colleagues, men of the highest ability, fully maintained its celebrity of former years, Mr. Fearn, the House Surgeon, gave entire satisfaction, and as heretofore shown himself a valuable servant of Government. At the European General Hospital Dr. Pinkerton exhibited marked attention in the execution of his duties, and preserved the usefulness of this valuable institution. He reports favourably of the services rendered by Mr. Apothecary Scroggie. The management of the Goculdass Tejpal Hospital has been admirably conducted by Surgeon-Major Cody, under whose care the highest state of efficiency has been maintained. From repeated personal observation, I have no doubt that under the present superintendence, the practical utility of this hospital will rival that of any other in India. Surgeon-Major Cody speaks in the strongest terms of the valuable assistance he has received from Apothecary Easden. It is here desirable to point out that the increasing practice in this hospital has now become too much for any medical officer to undertake unaided ; and I would, therefore, beg to submit for the consideration of Government the advisability of appointing a junior surgeon as resident, similar to the arrangement at the European General Hospital. Opportunities would thereby be afforded to junior members of the service of gaining a knowledge of diseases peculiar to India, which otherwise would be difficult to acquire."

THE memoranda of the Army Sanitary Commission on the medical and sanitary reports of the troops in the various Presidencies are documents worthy of serious attention. It would appear that the British soldier suffers from being too well cared for, and the native sepoy from neglect. The great sources of disease in the British soldier are laziness, over-eating, and another and darker form of self-indulgence. As regards the latter, the preventive measures adopted are pronounced a "general and conspicuous" failure ; and the opinion is stated "that where the soldier considers he is protected by the State he trusts to it, and not to his own care or common sense." The Commission consider that the soldier should be expected to protect himself ; and they evidently think that he will take more care of his personal habits at places where he knows that he has only himself to depend on. This much is certain from the statistics adduced, that the percentage of admissions to hospital in unprotected stations is much less than in protected ones. On the subject of eating, the Army Sanitary Commission quote with "emphatic approval" the remarks of the Royal Commission which presented its report in 1863. The Royal Commission said :—" The soldier in India has not sufficient occupation to keep him in health, and under such a system of dieting as he at present undergoes he must suffer more or less." Thus not only are the young soldiers "put upon a diet very much richer in nutritive elements than they have ever used before," but they are shut off from the hard physical work to which before enlistment they are accustomed ; and thus, with high feeding and idleness, in a tropical climate, "the result is summed up in admissions, deaths, and invalids from hepatitis, dysentery, and other intestinal diseases." The diet favoured by the Commission is that of the French Army in Algeria, where "the soldier has coffee at 6 a. m., and again in the evening. He has a meal containing meat in the forenoon, and another similar meal at half-past four in the afternoon, so that he has four meals a day ; of which the Commission consider the components, the distribution, and the hours, much more suitable than those prevailing in the British Army in India. Further, the Commission insist on exercise for the troops, and propose "that gymnastic exercises be made a parade." But, the *Pioneer* remarks in an article on this question, after all, what Sir Charles Napier said long years ago is still too true : "the great disease with officers and men is drink, but the soldiers drink worse liquor." Our contemporary trusts, with the Army Sanitary Commission, that effect will be given, "after all these years of delay," to the following proposal of the Royal Commission, made in 1863 :—" That the sale of spirits at canteens be discontinued, except in specific cases on the recommendation of the medical officers, and only malt liquors or light wines allowed ; that the sale of spirits in military bazaars be made illegal, and, as far as practicable, suppressed."

A RATHER curious affair took place at Foochow a short time ago on board one of the Arsenal gunboats. It seems that his Excellency the Viceroy represented to the Tartar General that the Imperial Arsenal gunboats were in the habit of smuggling opium, by stowing balls in the muzzles of their guns. Both the Tartar General and Imperial Arsenal Commissioner denied this, and requested the Viceroy to send some officials down on board the gunboats to examine into the affair. The suspicious vessel was lying under steam abreast of the Arsenal when the Viceroy's officials arrived. The officer in charge of the gunboat requested the officials to call in about an hour's time, when he would make every preparation to receive them. The officials consented to this, but during their absence everything was made in readiness for steaming away, and the anchor was hove "short." Upon the arrival of the officials at the gangway ladder at the stern of the vessel, the anchor was weighed and the engine bell rung to start the engines. The propeller turned, capsized the mandarins' boat, throwing its occupants into the water, whilst the gunboat proceeded to sea, leaving the unfortunate officials to their fate.

MR. ARTHUR PEASE has given notice of his intention to ask the Under-Secretary for the Colonies whether his attention has been called to a letter which Baron de Mikloulomaclay has written to the Commodore of the Australian naval station, in which he states that "kidnapping, slave trade, and slavery" are still largely practised in the Western Pacific, and suggests that, having regard to "the criminal action of skippers not sailing under the British flag," it is desirable to bring about an international understanding on the subject. Mr. Pease will also ask whether her Majesty's Government will consider the expediency of inviting the Governments of France, Germany, and the United States to concert measures for the suppression of outrages by labour-recruiting vessels of various nationalities.

AT a time when the civil officers of the Crown in Ireland are unable to levy a distress upon a defaulting debtor's goods without the aid and protection of "horse, foot, and artillery," it is quite refreshing, observes a home paper, to hear that the sanctum of an ancient and wealthy British municipality has been invaded and seized with impunity by a single sheriff's officer at the instance of an unsatisfied creditor. This triumphant vindication of the law's efficiency in one section, at least, of the United Kingdom took place the other day at Lichfield. While the Town Council was actually transacting public business in its own Guildhall the above-named functionary abruptly entered that building, interrupting the weighty deliberations of the Patres Conscripti by the startling announcement that it was his duty to take and retain possession of their premises until such time as the Corporation should discharge its liabilities to Messrs. Patterson, sewage contractors. Simultaneously with this vigorous action bailiffs made their appearance in the station police-office and stables, claiming the custody of those tenements in the name of "Our Sovereign Lady the Queen." The wrath and consternation of the Lichfield city magnates, thus bearded in their sanctuary, may be more readily conceived than described. Indignation and remonstrance, however, availed them nothing. Messrs. Patterson's claim of three thousand five hundred pounds, which had been conclusively awarded to that firm after much litigation and many appeals on the part of its municipal debtors, was no longer to be put off ; so the Town Council, making a virtue of necessity, held a "stormy meeting" in the presence of the "man in possession," voted the money, and issued formal orders to the Town Treasurer for its payment. Thereupon "the officers were withdrawn," and the Lichfield municipality, for a brief space "frighted from its propriety," relapsed into its customary attitude of dignified calm and bland respectability.

THE MONSOON.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

July.	Colaba. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Byculla. In. cts.
Previously regtd.	41 42	42 19	37 69	40 79
13 Wednesday	0 28	... ...	... ...	0 65
14 Thursday	0 55	0 50	0 65	
Total...	41 70	42 74	38 19	41 44
July 14, 1880 ...	37 58	39 25	32 69	35 92

NOTE.—The returns from the Fort, Esplanade, and Byculla are made up to 6 p.m. each day. The return from Colaba is up to midnight.

THE WEATHER ALONG THE COAST.

DAILY TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

(14th July 1881.)

THE following information regarding the state of the weather at different ports round the coast from Kurrachee to Madras is compiled from the latest returns received by telegram at the Meteorological Office :—

STATIONS.	Barometer. At 10 a.m. reduced to 32° F. and Sea-level. Ins.	Reading at 10 a.m. Ther. in shade. Dgs	Wind. Direction and force.	Mean velocity. Mls. p. hr.	Rain. Ins.
Kurrachee	29·538	83·0	WSW	11	
Surat	·539	81·6	S	21	0·61
Bombay	·788	84·2	WSW	21	0·34
Karwar	·917	82·6	W (fresh	..	0·34
Ratnagiri	·872	82·8	SW (strong	..	0·05
Mangalore	·930	83·5	W	3	0·34
Calicut	·976	78·6	NNE	2	0·53
Cochin	·980	84·0	NNW	1	0·62
Masulipatam	·774	90·0	W	..	0·00
Madras	·856	89·0	W	10	0·20
Negapatam	·875	93·0	WSW	9	0·00

The barometer is now rising everywhere, and the cyclonic disturbance noticed in yesterday's report is passing away.

RAINFALL ON THE GUZERAT LINE.

WE have been favoured with the following records of rainfall on the districts intersected by the B. B. and C. I. Railway :—

DIVISION No. 1.

Date.	Panju.		Vaitarna		Palghur.		Gholwad		Bulsar.		Surat.	
	Ins.	Cts.	Ins.	Cts.	Ins.	Cts.	Ins.	Cts.	Ins.	Cts.	Ins.	Cts.
Previous.	21	31	26	56	17	76	6	40	10	13	5	35
July 8	0	7	0	71	0	50	0	17	0	80	0	7
9	4	16	1	30	1	25	2	76	1	28	0	24
10	4	7	8	60	6	2	4	10	3	63	0	21
11	0	78	3	40	1	57	0	82	3	90	5	1
Total	33	39	40	60	30	10	14	55	19	74	10	88

DIVISION No. 2.

Dates.	Broach.		Baroda.		Mehmada bad.		Ahmeda bad.	
	Ins.	Cts.	Ins.	Cts.	Ins.	Cts.	Ins.	Cts.
Previously reported.	6	50	8	71	4	64	3	99
July 6	5	10	0	8	1	15	0	43
do. 7	0	22	0	12	0	73	0	30
do. 8	..	..	..	..	0	11	0	15
do. 9	0	16	2	90	0	82	1	50
Total	11	98	11	81	7	45	6	37

Dates.	Viramgam.		Wadhwan.		Kharaghora.	
	Ins.	Cents.	Ins.	Cents.	Ins.	Cents.
Previously reported.	4	60	1	86	5	47
July 6	0	30	2	15	0	38
do. 7	0	20	0	1	0	5
do. 8	..	..	..	..	0	38
do. 9	0	10	0	17	0	58
Total	5	20	4	19	6	86

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Town Council, 4-30 p.m.

Band, Marine Battalion, Apollo Bunder, evening.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Ossian (s), Claudius (s), and Knight of St. Patrick (s), from Port Said ; Calder (s), put back from sea.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Avoca (s), to China ; Lamperts (s), Antwerp ; Arabia (s), Kurrachee.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO BUNDER.—The following is the programme of music to be played by the band of H. M.'s Marine Battalion at the Apollo Bunder this evening (weather permitting) :—

March .....
Overture.....Im Italienischen Style ..Schubert.
Mazurka.....La Jolie Patineuse .....
Selection.....Belisario.....Donizetti.
Valse .....Flugschriften .....Strauss.
Galop .....Pomona .....Leutner.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Knight of St. Patrick entered, and Argosy and Lamperts left the dock yesterday.

AN OLD OFFENDER.—Gunny Ally, a reputed thief, was yesterday convicted by Mr. C. P. Cooper of stealing two *Korans* and a cotton sheet, the property of Soodeen Moorad. Being an old offender, he was sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment.

H. M.'s 17TH REGIMENT.—The detachment of H. M.'s 17th Regt. N. I. encamped at Cooly bunder, Frere-road, on account of cholera having broken out amongst them a week or two ago, were on Wednesday last removed to Sasson Dock, as their camping ground at Cooly bunder had become very damp and muddy.

GAMBLERS.—Radha Mitha and seven others were yesterday charged before Mr. Dossabhoy Framjee, at the instance of Inspector Grennan and Constable Reed, with being found gaming with dice and money in a common gaming-house at Bhungywady. They were all convicted. Prisoner No. 1 was fined Rs. 10, and the rest Rs. 5 each.

DROWNED.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Morgue, Kamathipura, on view of the body of two Hindoo lads named Pandoo Puddoo and Gungia Vittoo, aged nine and eight years respectively, who were accidentally drowned while bathing in a quarry hole at Warree bunder. A verdict of accidental death by drowning was recorded.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Morgue, Kamathipura, on view of the body of a Hindoo lad named Bapoo Canjee, aged eleven years. Deceased was found lying unconscious at a vegetable stall on the Erskine-road. He died while being removed by the police in a buggy to the J. J. Hospital. The verdict was "that the death of the deceased was caused by epilepsy."

STATEMENT OF SILVER BALANCE IN THE MINT.—The value of silver in the Mint on the morning of the 4th July was Rs. 18,18,304. In addition silver received during the week Rs. 10,254. The sum of Rs. 56 in new coin was paid during the week. The balance left was Rs. 18,28,502. There is, in addition, silver bullion valued at Rs. 4,501 belonging to private individuals deposited in the Mint vaults, and awaiting assay.

ISSUE OF A WARRANT OF ARREST.—Yesterday, before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bayley, in chambers, Mr. Muljee, of Messrs. Muljee and Bomanjee, applied for and obtained an order for the arrest of Kessowjee Jadowjee, the reputed Bhattia millionaire, for non-payment of certain costs directed to be paid by his Lordship in two suits in which Kessowjee Jadowjee was the plaintiff, and one Vussonjee Suridas, with others, defendant.

A FEMALE THIEF.—Bheema, woman, was yester day convicted by Mr. C. P. Cooper of stealing a gold neck-ornament, valued at Rs. 21-8, the property of Dhondee, woman. The prisoner, under the pretence of begging for bread, went to the house of complainant, at Dongree, on Sunday last, and made off with the ornament in question. On the matter being reported to the police, the property was found in her possessionr. She was sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

SOME EFFECTS OF THE WEATHER.—The whole of the pathway along the Kennedy Sea-face was washed away by the high tide on Wednesday ; the sea flooded the reclaimed ground near the B. B. and C. I. Railway line, and on the Queen's road from the Commodore's bungalow to the Hospital of H. M.'s 25th Regiment Native Infantry. A portion of the roof of a three-storeyed house situated on Shaik Memon-street, belonging to Madoojee Khemjee, fell in on Wednesday evening. The Malabar Hill-road, Nepean Sea-road, and the Warden-road were again damaged on Wednesday last ; and the whole of the wall on the Queen's-road, Malabar Hill end, together with two gas-lamp-posts, were thrown down on Wednesday. A shigram and horse belonging to Manockjee Bhimjee, while crossing from Mahim to Bandora, was knocked over by a wave ; but a Parsee lady who was in the shigram at the time fortunately escaped uninjured. Twelve fishermen's huts were partly washed away on Wednesday by the heavy sea on the west coast at Mahim.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN BOMBAY.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending Tuesday, 12th July, was 483, being 17 more than in the previous week, 110 more than the week ending 13th July, 1880, and 15 more than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 302 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of the population per annum was 37·28. There were 101 deaths from remittent fever, being 2 less than the previous week and 5 less than in the same period last year. The deaths from diseases of the respiratory system, diarrhœa, and dysentery were last week 69, 29, and 8, respectively, as compared with 28, 18, and 25 last year. There were 42 deaths from cholera last week as compared with 39 in the week previous. The following remark is appended by the Health Officer to his return :—"As there is no allowance made for the increase of population, natural and extraordinary, during recent years, the percentages of mortality are unreliable.

EFFECTS OF THE WEATHER IN THE HARBOUR.—A boat laden with twenty-one barrels of arrack was capsized on her passage from Oorun to Bombay on the 12th instant. The crew were picked up by a passing boat and brought to Bombay. The boat has not been recovered. Nine barrels of the arrack have been picked up—six at Carnac bunder, one at the Apollo bunder, one at the Customs bunder, and one at the Government Dockyard. A dingey was capsized off the Prince's Dock on the 12th instant. The tindal of the boat states that his loss amounts to Rs. 50. The pilot steam launch towed the boat to the shore. Two calassees of a barge belonging to Cooper and Company, landing agents, while aloft taking in the sail of their boat were thrown into the sea, and were picked up by a passing *prow*. These two men had been reported drowned by Messrs. Cooper and Company. Amongst the native craft lying in the harbour considerable damage has been done, many masts, yards, &c., having been carried away owing to the heavy weather of the past three days.

THE POONA CITY WATER-SUPPLY.—A representation was recently made to Government that the Poona City Municipality cannot, under their present agreement, draw more than 750,000 gallons in one day, and prayed for a write-back at half price of all water that they draw short of their allowance on any day, and that they be allowed to draw so much water from Lake Fife as the health and well being of the city require, and pay for all excess over 750,000 gallons a day at the rate of 7 pies per 1,000 gallons. The Commissioner considered the Municipality has, on an equitable consideration of the agreement made by them with Government, a right to the write-back of all water not consumed up to 750,000 gallons per diem ; that, in fact, the account for the current year should be a recurring one, a total amount of 750,000 gallons standing to the credit of the Municipality for its payment of Rs. 10,000 ; and that, beyond that, he does not consider that the Municipality has any claim, and holds the charge of three annas per 1,000 gallons to be fair and reasonable. Government, however, replied that they are unable to reconsider or modify, in any way, their former orders on the subject.—*Deccan Herald.*

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 13th July.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·652
Temperature of the Air	81·6
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78·1
Dew Point	76·9
Relative humidity of Air	·857
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8.)	7·8
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)..	84·8
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	78·0
General Direction of Wind	SW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	577
Fall of Rain	0·28
Total fall during month	28·01
year	41·70
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 13th	0·13
From midnight to midnight.	

Holloway's Pills.—All our Faculties—Almost all disorders of the human body are distinctly to be traced to impure blood. The purification of that fluid is the first step to sound health. Holloway's Pills recommend themselves to the attention of all sufferers ; no injurious consequences can result from their use, no mistake can be made in their administration. In indigestion, confirmed dyspepsia, and chronic constipation the most beneficial effects have been, and always must be, obtained from the wholesome power exerted by these purifying Pills over the digestion. Persons whose lives have been reduced to ease, strength, and perfect health by Holloway's Pills, after fruitless trial of the whole pharmacopœia of Physic, attest this fact.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 14.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir CHARLES SARGENT.)

THE LATE MR. MERWANJEE FRAMJEE PANDAY'S CHARITIES.

KHURSETJEE RUSTOMJEE CAMA AND OTHERS *vs.* L. W. G. RIVETT-CARNAC AND OTHERS.

MR. STARLING and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Shapurjee and Thakurdas, appeared for the plaintiffs. Mr. Fox and Mr. Russell, instructed by Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland, and Little, appeared for the first defendant, the Administrator General. Mr. Lang and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Crawford and Boevey, for the trustee defendants.

Mr. Starling, in continuing his address on behalf of the plaintiffs, said that there was no bar to the suit for six years, since a charge of delay and fraud had been made ; and further that in a case like this, in which property was vested in certain persons for a certain purpose, there was no bar at all.

The judge remarked that, as the question of limitation had been raised, it would be impossible for him to come to a determination unless he had facts to go upon by a reference to the Commissioner.

Mr. Starling said that his Lordship had to ascertain when the declaration of the trust was made, and also at what subsequent period the plaintiffs knew of the facts with respect to which the suit was brought. He intended to call the plaintiff to say when he first came to know of the endowments.

The judge thought that it was useless arguing these points until facts were produced.

Mr. Starling said that the suit having been filed in 1875, the question of limitation came under the Act of 1871, and that the shortest time was six years. Another point was as to the mortgage of the three properties on which the trustee defendants claimed a lien. The learned counsel said he would now call the plaintiff.

Mr. Muncherjee Hormusjee Cama said, among other things, that he was now a retired merchant, and from 1858 to 1864 lived in England as a merchant. He knew the late Merwanjee Framjee Panday, his cousin, who was much engaged at the time of the share mania in time-bargain transactions. In 1865 witness heard rumours about Merwanjee's position being shaky and spoke to his (witness's) brother Dadabhoy, who had since died. In consequence of the conversation, witness went and saw Merwanjee, who admitted being in difficulties, but said if he had some money assistance he would be able to surmount them. He asked for the loan of four or five lakhs of rupees. Witness and his brother agreed to advance Rs. 4,50,000 at 12 per cent. a year. They had so much confidence in Merwanjee that they allowed the deeds to be prepared by his solicitors. (The deeds were put in.) On the 5th June, 1865, they advanced Rs. 80,000, and the balance at the time of the execution of the mortgage. (Witness was examined as to the properties mortgaged to secure the loan.) At the end of the year they demanded payment of their money, and as the money was not paid, further securities were asked for and given. In October, 1868, witness took over the management of the mortgage deeds. The accounts were adjusted half-yearly in accordance with the deed. The last adjustment was made in June, 1875.

Mr. Fox cross-examined the witness at some length regarding the title-deeds of the Colaba property.

Cross-examined by Mr. Inverarity, the witness said that he and his brother were good friends with Merwanjee Panday. Witness had been six years in England ; but did not give his evidence in English, because he was not now much accustomed to it. Besides, he could not hear very well in this court. When in England he used to receive the *Rast Goftar* and other Gujeratee newspapers from his friends. He remembered reading in the newspapers about a charitable fund of Rs. 1,60,000 being founded by Merwanjee Panday ; and he believed the report to be true. Witness's brother did not send him a full account of the *Kusti* ceremony of Merwanjee's son. On his return to Bombay witness had no conversation about the charitable fund with Merwanjee. It was a novelty in the case of Merwanjee, who was not a rich man—a very rich man. He would not swear that he did not communicate with Merwanjee about this charitable fund. He once recommended to Merwanjee a deserving object for the fund. Witness was shown a letter and admitted that it was in his handwriting. It recommended the bearer of it, Dosabhoy Eduljee Shroff, to support from the charitable fund.) The fund witness referred to was the charitable fund created by Merwanjee whilst witness was in England.

Mr. Inverarity.—I thought you said you never had a conversation with Merwanjee about the fund ?

Witness.—I meant on my return. I had a conversation with Merwanjee a year or two after my return. It may have been in 1870. I cannot remember the exact occasion.

Mr. Inverarity.—Was this letter circulated to the trustees of the fund, Mr. Muncherjee ? Answer my question.

Witness.—I cannot answer. I must explain.

Mr. Inverarity.—You should not explain. You must first answer my question, and explain afterwards.

Witness admitted that the letter was circulated to the trustee defendants. He read the letter in the newspapers whilst he was in England. He believed that a trust deed of the fund was executed. The first time witness heard that Merwanjee had set aside three lakhs of rupees for the Sanatarium was from Dorabjee Panday (Merwanjee's brother) after Merwanjee's death. Witness [illegible] that a Sanatarium was being built in 1863 and 1864, but did not know about the three lakhs and two petas. He knew that often went with Merwanjee to the Sanatarium as a friend to take a walk ; [illegible] but did not ask him what sums he was spending [illegible] upon it. He afterwards told witness that the Sanatarium would cost him about five or six lakhs of rupees.

Mr. Inverarity.—Did he not tell you that five or six months before you advanced the money to him ?

Witness answered that he did not remember whether it was five or six months before or after the opening ceremony. He (witness) was one of the managers of the ceremony. (Is shown a document, and admits it to be in his handwriting.)

Mr. Inverarity.—This is the speech which Merwanjee read to the assembled Parsees at the opening ceremony ?

Witness.—You did not allow me to read the document, and how can I say what it is ? (A laugh.)

Mr. Inverarity.—I will now allow you to do what you wanted to do before.

Witness, having looked at the document, admitted it was the speech prepared by him, which Merwanjee read to the assembly.

Mr. Inverarity read the document to the court, remarking that it was most important. It was dated the 4th December, 1865.

Mr. Inverarity.—The document is dated in 1865. Why did you say that you first heard of it from Dorabjee after Merwanjee's death ?

The judge.—Why did you say you never heard of it until after Merwanjee's death ?

Witness admitted that he knew about the three lakhs in 1865. He did not remember whether he read of it in the newspapers. He could not swear that he did not. He knew that Merwanjee spent some money in building an upper storey after the Sanatarium was built. There was a family opening ceremony for the upper storey ; and witness did not prepare another speech, because there was only a private dining-party on the occasion. Witness's brother, Dadabhoy Cama, was present at the public opening ceremoney. Witness used to dine at the Sanatarium with Merwanjee on the occasion of the new-moon and on Parsee holidays. Witness did not remember whether he had heard at the time about the fund of Merwanjee Panday Dhunrajee. He took no interest in the Panday charities. He did not laud Mr. Panday's charities ; but he refuted in his own paper—the *Suriodaya*—the statements made in other newspapers against Merwanjee's charities. He did not remember about a public testimonial proposed to be got up for Merwanjee for his charities.

Mr. Inverarity read from an article in the *Suriodaya* what the witness had said about "the malicious opinions" and the "Satanic disposition" of the *Rast Goftar*, which wrote against the presentation of a written address to Merwanjee Panday.

Witness approved then of the charities of Merwanjee Panday, and of the proposal to honour him. He lauded in the *Suriodaya* Merwanjee's charities, amounting to about ten lakhs of rupees, and deprecated the "malicious" writings of the *Rast Goftar* against the proposal to honour him. He published in 1868 in a book a collection of his articles in the *Suriodaya*. He then retained the same opinions of the Panday charities as he did before. The Sanatarium at Colaba and the Dharmsalla at Chumery-road are very useful charities in Bombay, and do a great deal of good. They have been in use since 1865 and 1866 respectively, and Merwanjee had spent lakhs of rupees upon them. Gambhar Panday used to be given by Merwanjee in memory of his father's memory, and witness formerly attended them. He did not apply to the members of Merwanjee's family, after his death, to be allowed to become a partner in Merwanjee's firm. Nusserwanjee, Merwanjee's son, asked him, on the contrary, to become a partner, which he declined to do. Witness did not hanker after the commission earned by Merwanjee Framjee and Co. as agents to several companies. This suit was not the result of the refusal of Merwanjee's family to make witness a partner in the firm. All Bombay knew that he (witness) never desired to get a share in any company.

Mr. Inverarity.—That may be true, but it is different from desiring to be entitled to commission amounting to a lakh of rupees a year.

Witness denied that he ever wished to become a partner in Merwanjee's firm. He knew of Merwanjee's dealings in shares, but not that they were so extensive. Witness assisted Merwanjee in his compromise of the eight lakhs' debt due to the Imperial Bank at one-fourth. That was in 1867, when witness thought Merwanjee was in a very bad way and could not pay his debts. He did not think so in 1865, when he borrowed of witness the four and a half lakhs of repees. He knew that Merwanjee's difficulties in 1865 were of a temporary nature. Witness had examined Merwanjee's books. There were balances struck in pencil ; and they showed that there were large balances in Merwanjee's favour every year down to the Dewalee of 1866. Witness could swear that the title-deeds of the Cawasjee Patel house were deposited with him as security. When additional security was given in 1866, the understanding was that payment of the mortgage debt was not then to be demanded.

The court then rose.

DIVINE SERVICE.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

SERVICES ON SUNDAY, JULY 17, AND ON FOLLOWING SUNDAYS,

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11-0 a.m.—Choral matins and sermon.
5-30 p.m.—Litany.
6-0 p.m.—Choral evensong and sermon.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS !—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth ? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 38, Farringdon Road, London

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY SEASON REPORTS.

The following are the Presidency Season Reports for the week ending 6th inst. :—

Karachi.—Rain at Keti Bandar 6 cents. River at Kotri on 4th 14 feet 7 inches against 15 feet on same date last year. Fever in three, small-pox in four and measles in one taluka. Locusts in four talukas, some damage at Malir. Wheat, red rice and bajri in Schwan, 30, 36 and 38 ; Kotri 26, 20 and 44 ; Ghorabari 18, 40 and 42 ; and in Karachi 20½, 40 and 34 pounds per rupee respectively.

Shikarpur.—River 2 feet 10 inches lower than on same date last year. Crops looking well ; cotton packing commenced. Public health fair. Locusts appeared in seven talukas, but did no damage. Wheat, jowari and rice in Shikarpur 25, 32, and 18 ; Sukkur 26, 40 and 18 ; and in Larkhana 20½, 36 and 16 pounds respectively.

Hyderabad.—Kharif operations in progress throughout the district. Fever and small-pox in three talukas. Weather unusually warm ; sky cloudy. Slight damage reported in taluka Sakrand from locusts, which have made their appearance in Hyderabad and Kandiaro also. River 14 feet 7 inches on 2nd against 14 feet 4 inches on same date last year. Wheat 23, bajri 42·9, jowari 40, red rice 28 and white rice 18 pounds per rupee.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Prospects of peshrus crops good, especially cotton. Locusts still about, but no damage reported yet. Small-pox in some villages ; general health otherwise good. No rain. Wheat 26½, jowari 32 and rice 19 pounds per rupee.

Ahmedabad.—Ploughing progressing and sowing commenced. Wheat 32 and bajri 42. Rain 1·26.

Panch Mahals.—Rain throughout the district. Prospects good.

selected either from the lieutenants or captains, and will be supernumerary of his rank. The appointment will be for five years, renewable in certain cases for two years more.

Present Line adjutants may retain their appointments till promoted to companies, notwithstanding that they exceed five years or seven years as adjutant.

Passing the examination for major before being promoted to that rank will not be insisted upon in the case of captains promoted up to July 1, 1882; but they must pass before that date or lose their rank.

Majors will be eligible for employment on the staff in all positions to which captains can now be appointed.

The home battalion of infantry will have a second lieutenant-colonel, and will have one less major, who will replace the lieutenant-colonel at the depôt.

Promotion on or after July 1, 1881, will not prevent an officer from retiring afterwards on any pension open to him on June 30, 1881.

Existing second lieutenants will be allowed the first increase of pay after two years, subject to passing an examination.

Future lieutenants will be required to pass an examination before receiving the first increase of pay.

An officer compulsorily retired on account of age will, subject to the following proviso, as to officers from the ranks, be allowed the maximum pension of his rank. Officers, now serving, who have been promoted from the ranks will be exempted from retirement until they shall have completed service entitling them to their maximum pension. Future officers from the ranks will be guaranteed a minimum pension of £150 a year, however short their service.

The only exception (normal) to retirement at fifty-five years of age will be the case of an officer employed before the enemy; and while so retained he will continue to be eligible for promotion.

Retirement on account of age will be governed by army rank.

In addition to compulsory retirement for age, continuous non-employment will also involve compulsory retirement on whatever pension may have been earned—

As major, after three years; lieutenant-colonel, after five years; colonel, after five years; general officer, after five years subsequent to promotion to major general, or before the expiration of five years if seven years have elapsed since his employment as colonel.

An officer unfit for service in any rank may be immediately retired.

An officer now on half-pay, and disqualified by age or non-employment for return to active service, will be at once placed on retired pay equal to his half-pay.

A general officer retired on account of non-employment will lose £10 a year off his retired pay for each year below the compulsory age, but the reduction will not be greater than £100.

"Employment," other than regimental, to exempt from retirement must be in a recognised staff appointment for at least two years, or, with the Secretary of State's approval, for a less period in the field.

Employment as aide-de-camp to the Sovereign, or as a member of a committee, will not exempt an officer from retirement.

Employment as governor and commander-in-chief of a colony will exempt from retirement; and employment as equerry to the Sovereign or Prince of Wales will exempt, in any rank below major-general.

If an officer resign his appointment before the expiration of its full term on unsatisfactory grounds, the time he has served in it will not be regarded as "employment."

The Secretary of State will have a general power to declare that certain offices exempt from retirement.

No captain will be allowed to remain in a regiment (except in the Royal Engineers) after forty years of age. A major will be limited to regimental service of seven years; and a lieutenant-colonel to regimental service of five years; but a captain leaving his regiment at forty years of age, may, if considered eligible for employment as a major, be promoted to be a half-pay major; and then, should opportunity arise within three years, he may be selected for appointment as major in a regiment or on the staff.

The following will be the daily pay of regimental officers:—

	Household Cavalry.		Cavalry of the Line.		R. H. Artillery.		Royal Artillery.		Royal Engineers.		Infantry.	
	Present.	Proposed.	Present.	Proposed.	Present.	Proposed.	Present.	Proposed.	Present.	Proposed.	Present.	Proposed.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Lieut.-Col. commanding Regiment ...	39 3c	23 5b	23 3c/b	21 3b	18 6	16 0	18 6	16 0	18 6	16 0	17 0c	15 0
Lieut.-Colonel commanding Battalion ...	21 5c	22 5	19 3c/f	17 6	16 6d	15 0	16 0	14 0	16 0	14 0	15 0d	13 0
Lieutenant-Colonel after seven years' service as such ...	15 1d	15 1	11 7d	11 7	10 0c	9 0	10 0c	9 0	10 0c	9 0	9 0c	8 0
Major, under 7 years' service as such ...	10 4c	10 4c	9 0c	9 0c	8 0c	7 8	9 0c	8 0c	9 0c	8 0c	8 0c	7 8
Major after 7 years' service as such ...	10 4c	10 4c	9 0c	9 0c	8 0c	7 8	9 0c	8 0c	9 0c	8 0c	8 0c	7 8
Captain, over 10 years' service ...	10 4c	10 4c	9 0c	9 0c	8 0c	7 8	9 0c	8 0c	9 0c	8 0c	8 0c	7 8
Lieutenant, over 3 years' service ...	10 4c	10 4c	9 0c	9 0c	8 0c	7 8	9 0c	8 0c	9 0c	8 0c	8 0c	7 8
Lieutenant, under 3 years' service ...	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8

a. With 5s. command pay.
b. With 10s. command pay.
c. Subject to a foreign stoppage of 3s. 6d.
d. Subject to a stoppage for forage of 2s. 6d.
e. Subject to a foreign stoppage of 1s. 6d.
f. With £50 a year in lieu of non-effective.
g. Subject to a stoppage for forage of 1s. 6d.

The tenure of appointment as lieutenant-colonel will be five years in the Artillery, Engineers, and on the staff. In the cavalry, guards, and infantry it will end in any case at six years, or sooner if the lieutenant-colonel have commanded the regiment or battalion for four years. Unless compulsorily retired on account of age, lieutenant-colonels in command of regiments on June 30, 1881, will be allowed to complete their term of five years in command.

An unattached officer re-employed in a regiment will take precedence according to the date of his reappointment to the regiment, and not according to the date of his unattached rank.

A major completing seven years' regimental service, or five years' staff service, will be promoted, as a matter of course, to be a half-pay lieutenant-colonel; and may be afterwards selected for regimental or staff service in that rank.

The acceptance of this promotion will be optional in the case of majors of Royal Artillery and Royal Engineers who held that rank before Oct. 1, 1877.

A lieutenant-colonel, after five years' actual sevice, will become a colonel, and will be eligible for employment during five years or until the age of fifty-five, when, if he is not promoted to major-general, retirement will be compulsory.

The five years' rule will not be applied to lieutenant-colonels of Artillery and Engineers not now subject to it.

Appointments ruled to be not superior to the command of a company will not afford qualifying service for the rank of colonel if held by officers below the substantive rank of major; nor will appointments not held on the ordinary staff tenure.

A lieutenant-colonel will in all arms become a colonel after four years' service as such; but he will have to serve five years from the time he became lieutenant-colonel in the ordnance corps or on the staff, and four years in actual command or six years in all in the cavalry or infantry, before becoming entitled to a colonel's retired-pay.

Voluntary retirement will be governed by length of full-pay service and by rank:

Up to the rank of major inclusive: After twelve years' service, on a gratuity of £1,200; after fifteen years' service, on a gratuity of £1,600; after eighteen years' service, on a gratuity of £2,000; after twenty years' service, on a pension of £200 a year.

For a subject to whom these rates will be subject to deduction if any portion of the service counted have been rendered before the age of twenty): After twenty years' service, a pension of £200 a year; after twenty-three years' service, a pension of £230 a year.

For a lieutenant-colonel (these rates will be subject to deduction if any portion of the service counted have been rendered before the age of twenty): At any time, £250 a year; after twenty-seven years' service, or after seven years' service as a regimental major, or after five years' service as a major on the staff, £300 a year; after thirty years' service, £365 a year.

For a colonel:—At any time, £420 a year.

For a major-general:—At sixty, on £980 a year; at sixty-one, on £980 a year; at sixty-two, on £700 a year (compulsory).

For a lieutenant-general:—At sixty-five, on £830 a year; at sixty-six, on £840 a year; at sixty-seven, on £850 a year (compulsory).

For a general:—At sixty-five, on £980 a year; at sixty-six, on £990 a year; at sixty-seven, on £1,000 a year (compulsory).

Voluntary retirement on half-pay of captains after fifteen years' service (or after twelve in the case of purchase captains) will cease; but transfer to the militia with half-pay for ten years only, for service in the militia, will be continued.

The deficiency on account of service under the age of twenty (shown in the marginal note) will not be made.

An officer on retirement may claim the purchase rights which he possessed under the warrant of 1878 in lieu of those granted in the new warrant.

The general officers will be apportioned thus:—

	Cavalry, Guards, and Infantry.		Artillery.		Engineers.		Total.
Field-Marshals	—	..	—	..	—	..	6
Generals	7	..	2	..	1	..	10
Lieut.-Generals	22	..	8	..	5	..	35
Major-Generals	65	..	19	..	11	..	95
Total	94	..	29	..	17	..	140

The number of six field marshals is the maximum on the paid establishment.

The pay of certain cavalry officers has been altered as follows:—

	Household Cavalry			Cavalry of the Line.			
	s.	d.		s.	d.		s. d.
Captain ...	13	6	instead of	13	1	instead of	12 7
Major under three years' service ...	15	6	,,	15	1	,,	14 7
Major after three years' service ...	18	0	,,	22	5	,,	17 6
Lieut.-Col. ...	23	6	,,	23	5	,,	21 4

Any officer becoming one of the two senior majors in a battalion of infantry up to July 1, 1884, will be at once allowed the higher rate of major's pay.

The pay of a major of Horse Artillery will be 18s. 6d. a-day.

The rewards to be granted (normally) will be £10,000 for combatants, and £2,000 for departmental officers. The restriction that they may not be held in retirement will only apply to general officers.

Special uniforms will be prescribed for retired officers.

All general officers at present employed who are above the age for compulsory retirement will be allowed to complete three years' employment, or, unless their term of employment sooner expire, to serve till March 31, 1882—being supernumerary to the establishment of general officers while thus retained.

The process of reducing the lists of general officers to the normal numbers will be slightly varied:—

(*a.*) Absorption will be by branches.

(*b.*) Vacancies caused by retirements on July 1, 1881, will not be filled up, if supernumeraries remain.

(*c.*) So long as there are supernumeraries, the second of every two vacancies which would promote a colonel will be absorbed.

(*d.*) So long as there are supernumerary generals, the third of every three vacancies will be absorbed.

(*e.*) So long as there are supernumerary lieutenant-generals, the third of every three vacancies caused by the death or retirement of a lieutenant-general will be absorbed. Vacancies caused by promotion to general will not be absorbed.

The British list of general officers for the Artillery and Engineers, pending the completion of the amalgamation with the Indian lists, will be as follows:—

Generals—Artillery one, Engineers one. Lieutenant-Generals—Artillery five, Engineers three. Major-generals—Artillery ten, Engineers five. Total—Artillery sixteen, Engineers nine.

The following relaxation will be made in the ages for compulsory retirement in favour of existing officers:—

(1) Regimental colonels of Artillery or Engineers appointed before Oct. 1, 1877, ineligible for promotion to major-general after fifty-eight years; retirement compulsory in the rank at sixty-years.

(2) Colonels or lieutenant-colonels who were lieutenant-colonels before Oct. 1, 1877, ineligible for promotion to major-general after fifty-eight; retirement compulsory in the rank at fifty-eight.

(3) Majors who held the rank before Oct. 1, 1877, will be allowed to serve (subject to the seven years' rule), and will be eligible for promotion till fifty years.

(4) Captains who entered above the age of twenty from the militia, or as University candidates, or in colonial corps, will be allowed to serve for twenty years, provided their age do not exceed forty-two years.

(2), (3), and (4) refer to officers of any arm.

The following additional relaxations will be made:—

(*a.*) Colonels who were lieutenant-colonels before Oct. 1, 1877, will be allowed to serve and will be eligible for promotion until July 1, 1885, up to the age of fifty-nine years; afterwards, up to the age or fifty-eight years.

(*b.*) Majors, captains, or lieutenants promoted from the ranks, will be allowed to complete twenty years' service (rank service reckoning as half), and to retire as a minimum on £200 a year.

Majors not now subject to the seven years' rule will not be subjected to it. If retired at fifty years of age they will be granted a special increment of £50 a year to pension.

Captains of Artillery appointed before Oct. 1, 1877, may serve till forty-two years of age, and be eligible for promotion.

Colonels at present employed may (subject to their time of employment expiring) be continued in employment till March 31, 1882, and then, if they have not completed three years in their appointments, may complete that period provided they do not exceed sixty-two years of age.

The following special voluntary retirements will be open to officers of the Royal Artillery and Royal Engineers until Dec. 31, 1881:—

Regimental colonel appointed as such before Oct. 1, 1877—£950 a year. (After 1881 he would only be allowed £900 a year.)

Regimental colonels who were lieut.-colonels before Oct. 1, 1877, £600 a year.

Substantive lieut.-colonels who held that substantive rank before Oct. 1, 1877, £550 a year (or £500 a year, with gratuity of £925. After Dec. 31, 1881, the only pension available would be £365.)

Captains who have been compulsorily retired under the Royal Warrant of May 1, 1878, may, if recommended, be allowed the option of being re-assessed under the new rule by which captains at the age of forty may be promoted to unattached major, and may be elligible to be selected for employment until forty-three years of age.

The new Warrant will be thus brought into force on July 1, 1881:—

(1.) The officers retired under the Warrant of 1878, who are allowed to take unattached majorities and so made eligible to return to regiments, will, if appointed to regiments, be brought back according to their standing as captains, and the vacant majorities will be filled from them and the captains by selection.

(2.) Officers in any rank above the regulated age will be at once retired.

Such officers who have been compulsorily retired under the Warrant of 1878 from the rank of captain, as were brevet majors for distinguished service, will be eligible to be brought back on July 1, 1881, up to the age of forty-eight.

Any officer who held the rank of colonel, lieutenant-colonel, or major, before Nov. 1, 1871, and who has now neither become a major-general nor retired, will be granted on retirement an addition to his pension equal to the net loss he may have sustained under the Warrants of 1877, 1878, and 1881, after allowing for his gains in effective pay or half-pay in consequence of those Warrants, other intermediate Warrants, or of reorganisation under them.

A purchase captain of cavalry or infantry retiring after twenty years' service will be granted the brevet rank of major and the honorary step of lieutenant-colonel. This is given as compensation for the loss of army promotion on the abolition of successful brevets on the death of general officers.

Successional brevets will cease on July 1, 1881.

In making promotions on July 1, 1881, purchase captains of cavalry and infantry will not be barred from promotion by completing twenty-five years' service; but if not promoted they must retire at forty-two with a pension of £50 a year more than under present Warrant, subject to a maximum of £300 a year.

As regards pay the rights of existing officers will be respected, so long as they continue to hold their present rank.

When an officer with a saleable commission is killed in action, or dies of wounds received in action, within six months of being wounded, his widow or other qualified relative may receive either the pension laid down in the Royal Warrant, or a pension equivalent to the saleable value of the officer's commission. "Wealthy circumstances" will not be taken into account, and the measure will be retrospective to Nov. 1, 1871.

ADDITIONAL ARTICLE.

WIDOWS' PENSIONS.

(*a.*) Marriage on half-pay (but not on retired-pay) will qualify.

(*b.*) The ordinary pension for a colonel's or lieutenant-colonel's widow will be £90.

(*c.*) Army rank of officer will govern pension, but he must have served in the rank.

(*d.*) If a colonel (who was a major before 1st October, 1877) be compulsorily retired, the Secretary of State will fix a date as representing the time he would have become a major-general under the Warrant in force on the 30th September, 1877. If he survive that day, his widow will be allowed pension as widow of a general officer.

(*e.*) The aggregate which a family may receive will be limited by the highest rate of retired pay of the rank of the deceased officer.

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Nellore, 23rd October, 1880

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